

365 DataScience Defining functions in Python - the Fibonacci sequence

Step 1 Create a function that performs a task without returning a value

A function is a block of organized, reusable code that is called to perform a single, related action.

Define a simple function that takes a string as an argument and prints out a 'Hello ...!' message

given a name.

We have set a default value for the argument 'name'.

If the user calls the function without providing a value for the argument, the function will print out

'Hello Alice!'

```
def hello(name = 'Alice'):
    print(f'Hello {name}!')
```

Step 2 Call the function

Call the function without an argument

```
hello()
```

Call the function by providing an argument

```
hello('Bob')
```

Step 3 Create a function that performs a task and returns a value

Create a function that returns the n-th Fibonacci numbers.

Write a docstring explaining the use of the function.

```
def fib(n):
```

```
    ''' Calculates and returns the n-th Fibonacci number. '''
```

```
    a = 0
```

```
    b = 1
```

```
    for i in range(n):
```

```
        a, b = b, a+b
```

```
    return a
```

Step 4 Call the function

Return the 10th Fibonacci number

```
fib(10)
```

Start your 365 Journey!

